## AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 23, 2005 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 28, 2005 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 21, 2005

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2005-06 REGULAR SESSION

## ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 672

## **Introduced by Assembly Member Klehs**

(Coauthor: Senator Torlakson)

February 17, 2005

An act to add Sections 115827 and 115828 to the Health and Safety Code, relating to reservoirs.

## LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 672, as amended, Klehs. Reservoirs with water intended for domestic use: recreational use and environmental management activities.

Existing law prohibits the recreational use of reservoirs where water is stored for domestic use to include recreation in which there is bodily contact with the water by a participant. The law exempts certain reservoirs from this prohibition and sets forth certain conditions and restrictions to ensure water purity.

This bill would, with certain exceptions, exclude certain recreational activity from the prohibition against bodily contact with the water in a reservoir, owned by a governmental entity public agency, containing water intended for domestic use, including, but not limited to, shoreline fishing and trail access in areas adjacent to the reservoir and the use of nonmotorized boats.

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Existing law requires a water supply reservoir of a public agency to be open for recreational use, subject to the regulation of the State Department of Health Services.

This bill would, with certain exceptions, require a governmental entity public agency that owns a water supply reservoir with a capacity of 3,500 acre-feet or more, commencing January 1,-2008 2010, and every 10 years thereafter, to adopt a watershed management plan, watershed or recreation master plan, or equivalent resources planning document, setting forth the recreational and environmental management activities permitted to occur on or adjacent to the reservoir and surrounding watershed lands, and would require adoption of interim plans if the deadlines are not met. The bill would set forth the required contents of the watershed management plan, watershed or recreation master plan, or equivalent resources planning document. This bill would also impose various requirements on governmental entities public agencies in connection with the creation of the plan, including requiring public hearings to be held prior to the adoption of the plan, and requiring. The bill would require the appointment of a community advisory committee to advise the entity public agency regarding the plan's provisions. This bill would extend the date for initial compliance with the bill to January 1, 2011, for a entity public agency that has a watershed management plan, watershed or recreation master plan, or equivalent resources planning document adopted after January 1, 1996.

By increasing the duties of local agencies, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- 1 SECTION 1. Section 115827 is added to the Health and
- 2 Safety Code, to read:

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115827. (a)—Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, *including, but not limited to, subdivision (b) of Section 115825*, for a reservoir owned by a—governmental entity public agency, this article does not prohibit either of the following recreational activities:

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(a) Trail access in the areas adjacent to the reservoir, as determined by the public agency as part of the policy determinations made by the public agency in adopting its master plan pursuant to Section 115828.

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- (b) Shoreline fishing, or the use of nonmotorized boats, as determined by the entity public agency as part of the policy determinations made by the entity public agency in adopting its plan pursuant to Section 115828.
  - (b) Subdivision (a) does not apply to any of the following:
- (1) A reservoir that is owned and operated by a local flood control agency.
  - (2) A reservoir that is an online reservoir.
- (3) A reservoir that contains water that is not filtered prior to use by consumers.
  - (4) A reservoir that has a capacity less than 3,500 acre-feet.
- (5) A reservoir that operates as a forebay for pumping facilities or treatment plants that cause substantial fluctuation in reservoir levels.
- (6) A reservoir that is owned and operated by a private company rather than a public agency.
- (c) This section does not require the governmental entity that owns the reservoir to install boat ramps or docks.
- (d) A governmental entity that has adopted a plan pursuant to Section 11528 and that owns and operates multiple reservoirs within a single watershed or within close proximity of each other shall be deemed to be in compliance with this section if recreational activities permitted pursuant to subdivision (a) are made available by the public agency within that watershed or proximate area under the governmental entity's control.
- SEC. 2. Section 115828 is added to the Welfare and Institutions Code, to read:
- 115828. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (g), by January 1, 2008, and every 10 years thereafter, a governmental

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entity that is subject to subdivision (a) of Section 115827 that
owns a water supply reservoir with a capacity of 3,500 acre-feet
or more, shall adopt a watershed or recreation master plan or
equivalent resources planning document that sets forth the full
range of recreational and environmental management activities
that will be permitted to occur on or adjacent to the reservoir and
surrounding watershed lands that are owned by that
governmental entity.

- (b) Every watershed or recreation master plan or equivalent resources planning document shall, at a minimum, do all of the following:
- (1) Identify the terms and conditions under which trail access, fishing, boating, as well as the other recreational activities, will be allowed within the watershed.
- (2) Balance the recreational activities and uses and the need to protect drinking water quality and public health and safety within the watershed.
- (3) Identify the appropriate land management practices that should be carried out to protect and maintain the environmental values of the watershed.
  - (4) Protect drinking water quality.
- (5) Protect plants and wildlife, including, but not limited to, listed species.
- (6) Address fiscal issues related to the costs of providing reservoir access and minimizing costs to ratepayers.
  - (7) Protect the public safety.
- (c) In creating its plan, a governmental entity may require payment of an access fee.
- (d) In adopting its plan, the governmental entity may require seasonal closures of reservoir access that are necessary to mitigate any significant environmental impacts associated with recreational use.
- (e) A governmental entity required to adopt a plan pursuant to this section shall conduct extensive public hearings to receive public input prior to adopting its watershed or recreation master plan or equivalent resources planning document.
- (f) A governmental entity required to adopt a plan pursuant to this section shall appoint a community advisory committee, consisting of a diverse range of stakeholder interests, to advise it regarding the contents of its watershed or recreation master plan

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or equivalent resources planning document. The community advisory committee shall make its recommendations to the board of directors of the governmental entity regarding the provisions of the draft watershed or recreation master plan or equivalent resources planning document no later than December 31, 2006.

- (g) For a governmental entity required to adopt a plan pursuant to this section that has a watershed master plan or equivalent resources planning document that was adopted after January 1, 1996, a new watershed or recreation master plan or equivalent resources planning document shall not be required until December 31, 2011, and a subsequent watershed or recreation master plan or equivalent resources planning document shall be adopted every 10 years thereafter.
- (h) A governmental entity that is required to adopt a plan pursuant to this section shall make express findings that allowing recreational access would not cause adverse impacts upon the public health or safety, or upon the environment, including, but not limited to, wildlife and habitat.
- SEC. 2. Section 115828 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
- 115828. (a) (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (g) and (j), by January 1, 2010, and every 10 years thereafter, a public agency that is subject to Section 115827 that owns a water supply reservoir with a capacity of 3,500 acre-feet or more, shall adopt one of the following documents:
- (A) A watershed management plan, with an additional section addressing recreation.
  - (B) A watershed or recreation master plan.
- (C) An equivalent resources planning document that sets forth the full range of recreational and environmental management activities that will be permitted to occur on or adjacent to the reservoir and surrounding watershed lands that are owned by that public agency.
- (2) Public agencies owning more than one reservoir subject to this subdivision may include one or more of the reservoirs in a single plan or document.
- (b) Every watershed management plan, watershed or recreation master plan, or equivalent resources planning document adopted pursuant to subdivision (a) shall, at a minimum, do all of the following:

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(1) Identify the terms and conditions under which trail access, fishing, boating, and other recreational activities, will be allowed within the watershed.

- (2) Balance the recreational activities and uses and the need to protect drinking water quality and public health and safety within the watershed consistent with the requirements of the department.
- (3) Identify the appropriate land management practices that should be carried out to protect and maintain the environmental values of the watershed.
  - (4) Protect drinking water quality.
- (5) Protect plants and wildlife, including, but not limited to, listed species.
- (6) Address fiscal issues related to the costs of providing reservoir access and minimizing costs to ratepayers.
  - (7) Protect the public safety.
- (c) In adopting its plan, a public agency may require payment of an access fee.
- (d) In adopting its plan, or equivalent resources planning document the public agency may require seasonal closures of reservoir access that are necessary to mitigate any significant environmental impacts associated with recreational use up to a total of three months within a calendar year. Closure of recreational access may exceed three months only if environmental mitigation requires closure for a longer time period.
- (e) A public agency required to adopt a plan or document pursuant to this section shall conduct extensive public hearings to receive public input prior to adopting its plan or document.
- (f) A public agency required to adopt a plan or document pursuant to this section shall appoint a community advisory committee, consisting of a diverse range of stakeholder interests, to advise it regarding the contents of its plan or document. The community advisory committee shall make its recommendations to the board of directors of the public agency regarding the provisions of the plan or document prior to preparation of the required environmental documentation or other administrative processes necessary for the adoption of a plan or document by the board of directors of the public agency.

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(g) For a public agency required to adopt a plan or document pursuant to this section that has a plan or document that was adopted after January 1, 1996, a new or revised plan or document shall not be required until December 31, 2011, and a subsequent plan or document shall be adopted every 10 years thereafter.

- (h) A public agency that is required to adopt a plan or document pursuant to this section shall make express findings that allowing recreational access that would not cause adverse impacts upon the public health or safety, or upon the environment, including, but not limited to, wildlife and habitat.
- (i) (1) If a public agency subject to subdivision (a) of Section 115827 has not adopted a plan or document by the deadlines set forth in subdivision (a) or (g), the public agency shall adopt interim rules for recreational activities within 30 days of those deadlines.
- (2) The interim rules shall remain in effect until the plan or document has been adopted.
- (3) The interim rules shall allow the recreational activities set forth in subdivision (a) of Section 115827 to take place in the watershed, subject to any limitations or restrictions that the public agency imposes on those recreational activities.
- (4) In establishing the interim rules, the public agency shall consider the importance of balancing the need for recreational activities against the need to protect drinking water quality, the need to protect the public health, and the need for security of drinking water reservoirs and public water supplies.
  - (j) Section 115827 does not apply to any of the following:
- (1) A reservoir that is owned or operated by a local flood control agency.
- (2) A reservoir that is an online reservoir, where water flows from the reservoir. This includes reservoirs that are currently under construction, with the intent of making them into online reservoirs.
- (3) A reservoir that provides treated water directly to consumers.
- *(4) A reservoir that contains water that is not filtered prior to* 38 *use by consumers.* 
  - (5) A reservoir that has a capacity less than 3,500 acre-feet.

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(6) A reservoir that operates as a forebay for pumping facilities or treatment plants or includes a pump-storage hydroelectric facility that causes substantial fluctuation in reservoir levels.

- (7) A reservoir that is owned and operated by a private company rather than a public agency.
- (8) A reservoir for which the public agency has determined that, pursuant to findings of any vulnerability assessment completed in compliance with the Federal Bioterrorism Act (P.L. 107-188) pertaining to facility security or protection of water quality, increased public access poses significant risks.
- (9) A reservoir where, as of January 6, 2006, recreation was permitted or provided at the reservoir, provided that the recreation continues for a minimum of nine months out of each calendar year and includes one or more of the following recreational activities:
  - (A) Trail access.
  - (B) Nonmotorized boating.
  - (C) Shoreline fishing.
- (k) This section does not require the public agency that owns the reservoir to install boat ramps or docks.
- (l) A public agency that has adopted a plan or document pursuant to Section 11528 and that owns and operates multiple reservoirs within a single watershed or within close proximity of each other under the public agency's control shall be deemed to be in compliance with this section if recreational activities permitted pursuant to Section 115827 are also permitted within that watershed or close proximate area.
- SEC. 3. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because a local agency or school district has the authority to levy service charges, fees, or assessments sufficient to pay for the program or level of service mandated by this act, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code.